

first quarter results 2010

back to growth in March

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Randstad Holding nv
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disclaimer

Certain statements in this document comprise forecasts on Randstad Holding's future financial condition and results from operations and certain plans and goals. By their nature, such forecasts generate risk and uncertainty because they concern events in the future and depend on circumstances which then apply. Any number of factors can cause actual results and developments to deviate from those expressed in the forecasts stated here. Such factors can be, but are not limited to, general economic conditions, scarcity on the employment market, the variation in the demand for (flexible) personnel, changes in employment legislation, future currency exchange rates and interest rates, future corporate mergers, acquisitions and divestments and the speed of technical change. The forecasts speak only as at the date of this document. Quarterly figures and underlying figures are unaudited.

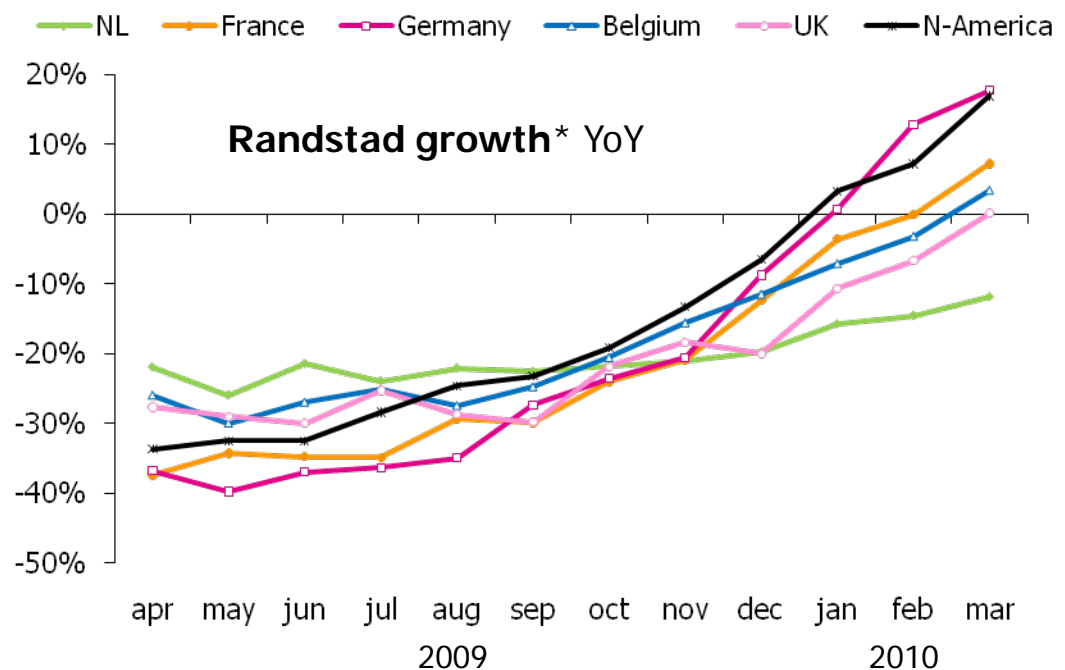
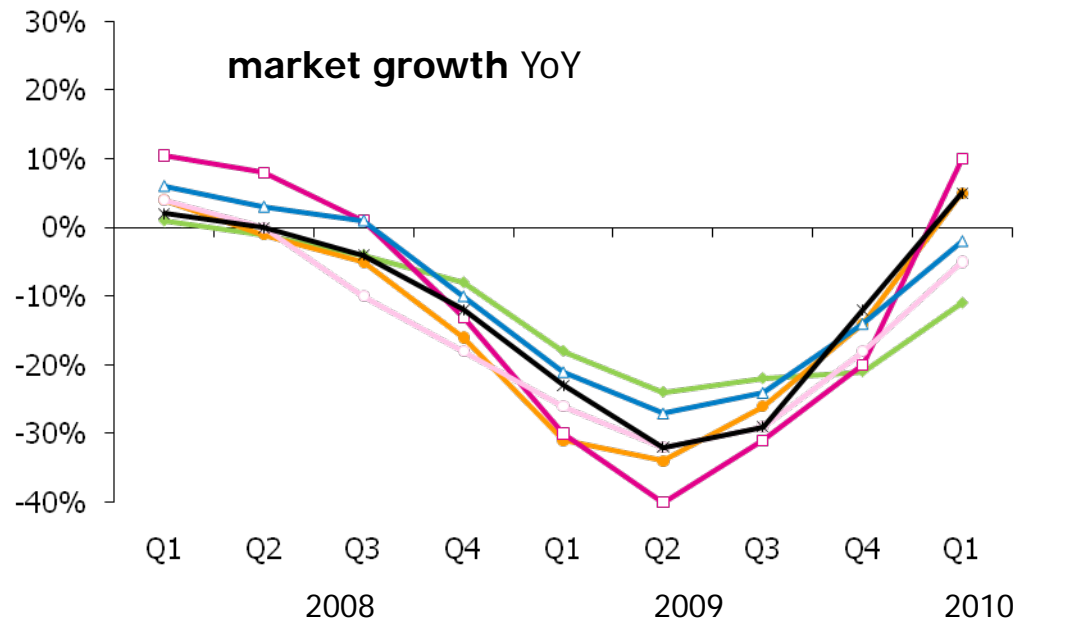
agenda

- performance
- financial results & outlook
- summary

performance

revenue development

- growth in March
- recovery is broad based
- staffing & inhouse showed growth in most regions in March
- professionals markets recovering slowly, US showed growth in March
- time lag between growth in staffing and professionals is 4 months in US



* organic growth per working day

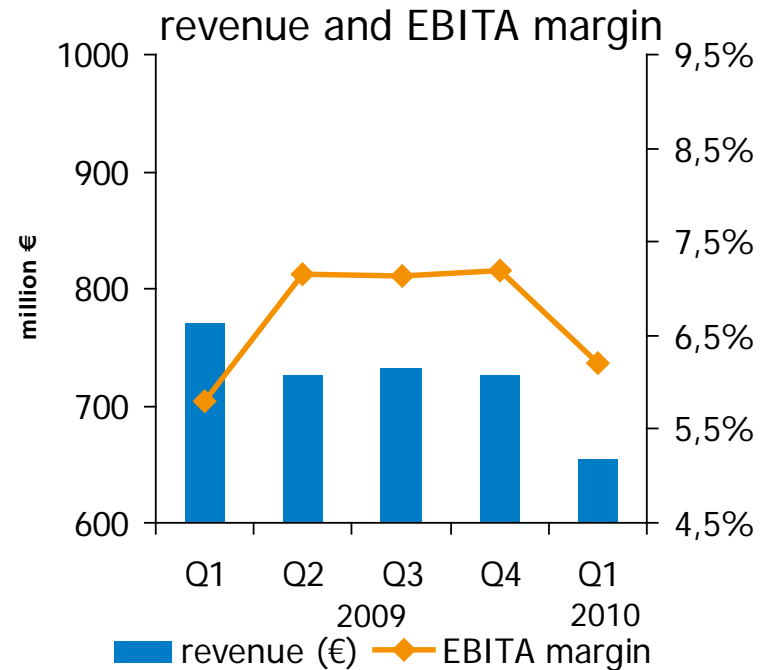
Q1 2010: back to growth in March

- revenue amounted to € 3,039 (-1% YoY organically per working day)
 - trend improving from -5% in January to +4% in March, not only due to easy comparables
 - inhouse and the industrial part of the staffing segment show clearest recovery
 - professionals segment recovers slowly
- gross margin relatively flat since Q3 2009
 - commercial pressure stabilized
 - less impact perm fees, perm fees growing in March
- operating expenses in line with previous quarter at € 500 million
 - 12% lower than in Q1 2009
 - continued streamlining where appropriate in combination with selective investments
- EBITA* reached € 75 million vs. € 49 million in Q1 2009
 - EBITA margin amounted to 2.5% vs. 1.6% in Q1 2009
 - EBITA includes € 8 million reclassification of French business tax (no effect on net profit)

* EBITA: operating profit before amortization and impairment acquisition-related intangible assets and goodwill, integration costs and one-offs.

the Netherlands: late cyclical pattern visible

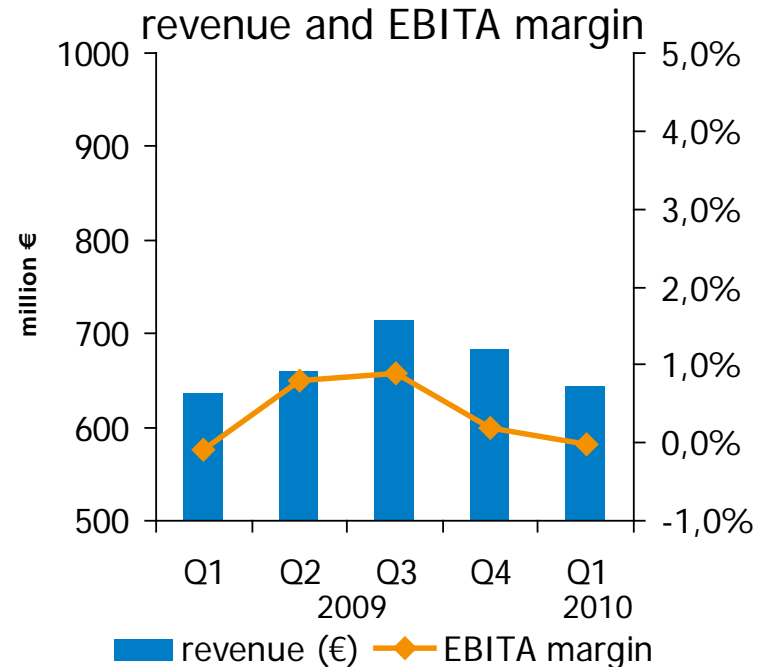
- organic revenue p/wd* -14% in Q1 2010
 - late cyclical market due to services oriented economy
 - market circumstances slowly improving
 - industrial segment showing growth in March
 - Tempo-Team & Randstad in line with market
 - Yacht (not in ABU) below market average
- gross margin sequentially flat
 - stabilization of commercial pressure
- EBITA margin 6.2% versus 5.8% LY
 - cost base well-managed
 - last year EBITA margin was 7% excluding a “charge” for accelerated termination of contracts interim professionals



* p/wd = adjusted for working days

France: improving momentum

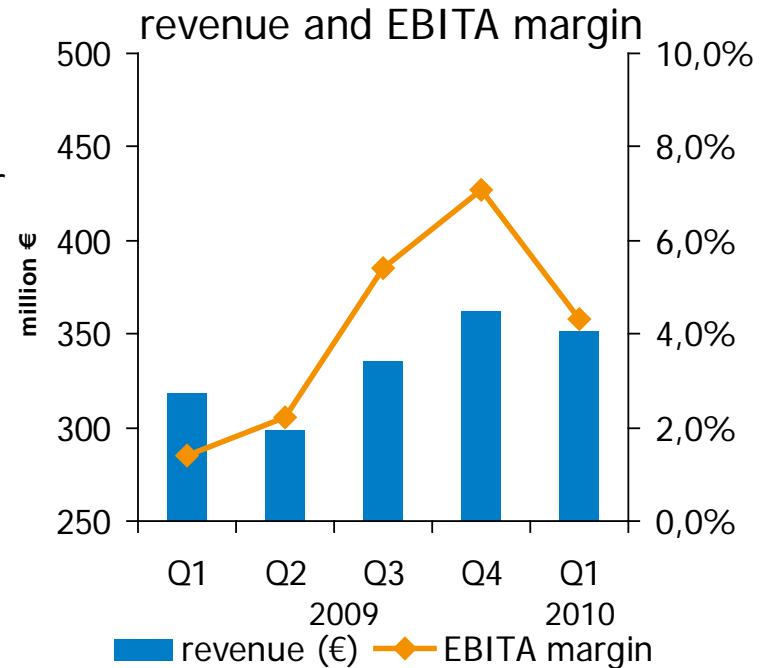
- organic revenue p/wd +1% in Q1 2010 (vs. -19% in Q4 2009)
 - gap with market decreased to 4%
 - staffing and inhouse improved mostly in light industrial and automotive
 - permanent placement up c. 50% in March (YoY)
 - professionals segment back to growth in March
 - 3 inhouse locations added and 9 transfers
- gross margin sequentially flat
- continued focus on cost structure
 - € 2 million costs in EBITA for restructuring
- EBITA* margin flat at 0% versus -0.1% LY
- DSO improved
 - 4 days improvement YoY in Q1 (60-day payment law)



* for comparison purposes the € 8 million business tax reclassification has been excluded from French EBITA

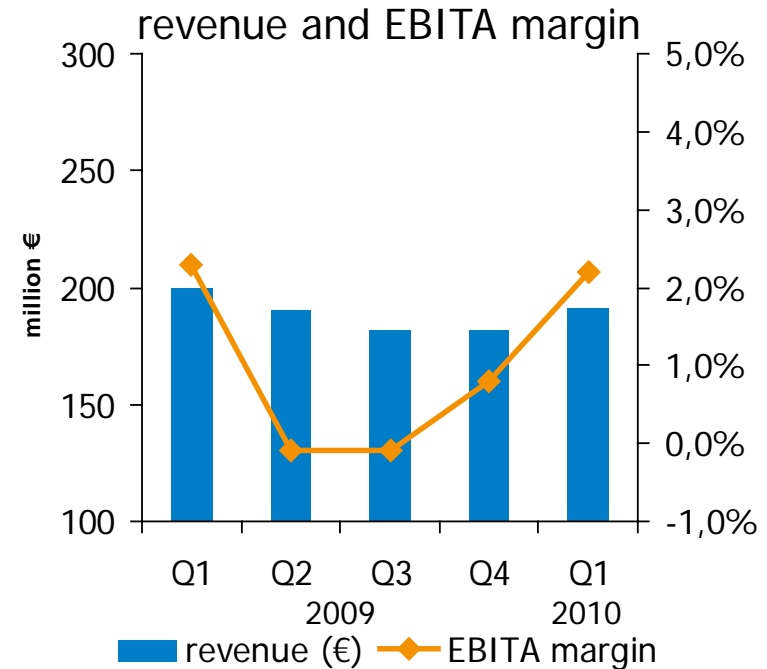
Germany: strong performance

- organic revenue p/wd +10% in Q1 2010 (vs. -18% in Q4 2009)
 - outperforming the market in Q1
 - revenue trend improved throughout the quarter
 - strong pickup across all industrial segments
- gross margin about stable
 - some commercial pressure and mix effects
 - reduced idle time vs. last year
- mixed performance professionals
 - growth accelerated in IT
 - engineering remains slow
- EBITA margin up to 4.3% (vs. 1.4% LY)
 - strong operating leverage
- new collective labour agreement in place



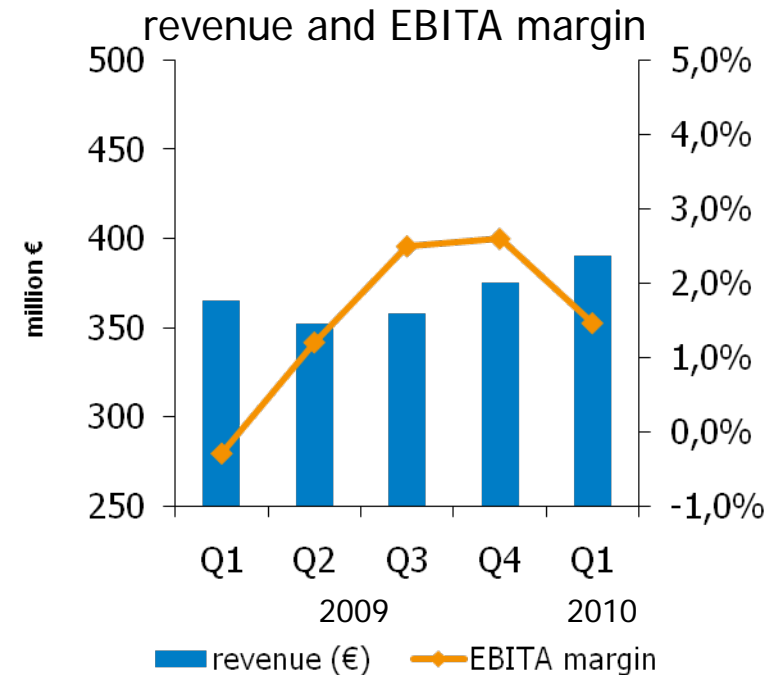
UK: strong growth inhouse and recovery in perm

- organic revenue p/wd -6% in Q1 2010
- inhouse showing strong growth (YoY)
 - strong pipeline new clients
- general staffing slightly recovering
- strong recovery perm fees throughout Q1 (-13% in Q1 YoY/ +18% QoQ)
- professionals remains mixed picture
 - continued recovery in Finance, HR, Media
 - challenging market conditions remain in Engineering/Construction
 - Healthcare and Education segments face pressure
- EBITA margin about stable at 2.2%



North America: double digit growth in staffing & inhouse

- organic revenue p/wd +9% in Q1 2010 (vs. -13% in Q4 2009)
 - strong outperformance of the market
 - over 20% growth in US staffing & inhouse (YoY)
 - decline at US professionals eased, growth in March
 - Canada slightly down in Q1, growth in March
- gross margin still under pressure
 - competitive pricing & mix effects
 - negative impact SUI* charges
- continued good cost management
- EBITA margin 1.5% vs. -0.3% LY



* SUI = state unemployment insurance

Revenue development per industry segment

| Q1 2010 vs Q1 2009 | US | Germany | France | Netherlands* |
|-----------------------|----|---------|--------|--------------|
| Manufacturing | ++ | + | + | + |
| Automotive | ++ | ++ | ++ | - |
| Food | na | ++ | - | - |
| Transport | + | ++ | - | + |
| Business services | + | - | - | -- |
| Financial services | + | - | - | - |
| Public administration | - | na | na | - |
| Health & social work | + | - | + | -- |

* Netherlands: based on combined revenue of Randstad and Tempo-Team

financial results & outlook

Q1 2010: financial key points (1)

- revenue growth in March
- gross margin sequentially flat since Q3
 - gross profit € 575 million, down 6% YoY
- underlying operating expenses in line with guidance of € 500 million
 - current trends give reason to maintain the network
- EBITA* reached € 75 million vs. € 49 million LY
- reclassification of € 8 million due to change in French tax law has positive effect on gross profit and EBITA
- diluted EPS up from € 0.05 in Q1 2009 to € 0.28

* EBITA: operating profit before amortization and impairment acquisition-related intangible assets and goodwill, integration costs and one-offs.

Q1 2010: financial key points (2)

- moving average DSO improved by 1 day to 57 days (YoY)
- increased use of working capital
- free cash flow in Q1 2010 amounts to € 39 million
- net debt improved to € 996 vs. € 1,015 in Q4 2009
 - leverage ratio at the end of Q1 2010 is 2.3 (1.8 Q1 2009, 2.5 ultimo 2009)
 - next mandatory reduction (€ 105 million) of the term loan due in May 2012

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income statement Q1 2010

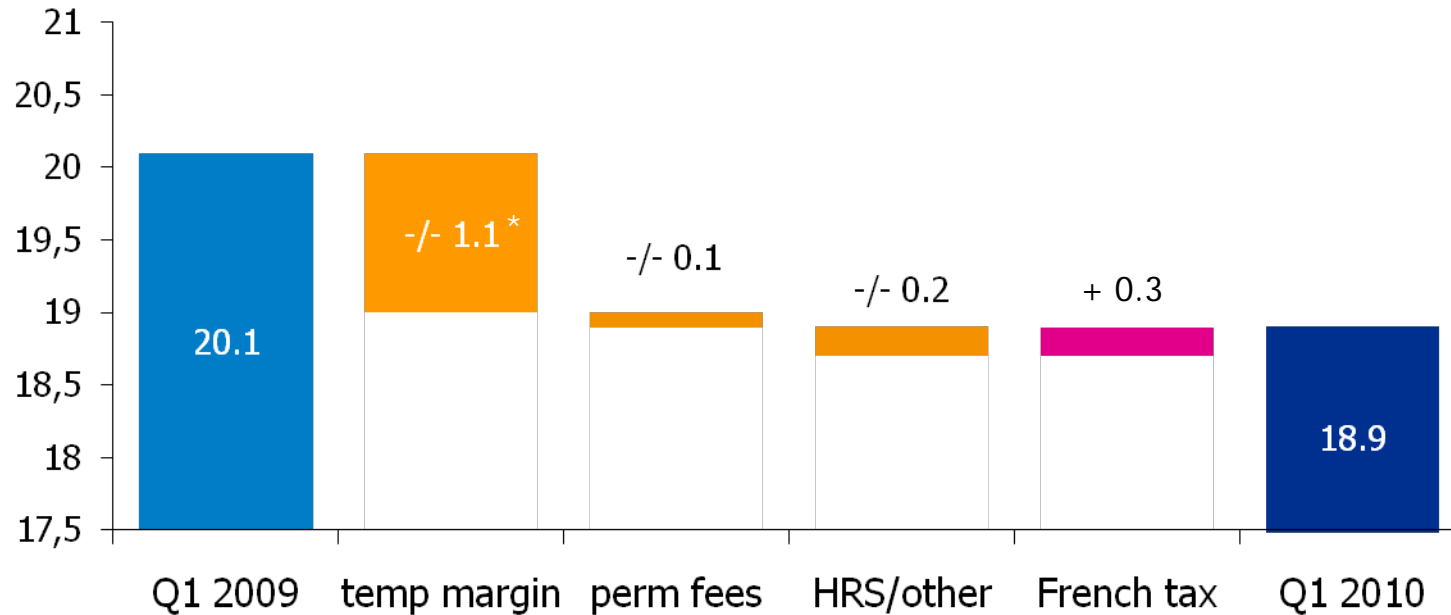
| € million | Q1 2010 | Q1 2009 | % change | % organic |
|------------------------------|--------------|--------------|----------|-----------|
| revenue | 3,039 | 3,056 | -1% | -1% |
| gross profit | 575 | 614 | -6% | -7% |
| <i>gross margin</i> | <i>18.9%</i> | <i>20.1%</i> | | |
| operating expenses* | 500 | 565 | -12% | -10% |
| <i>opex as % of revenue</i> | <i>16.4%</i> | <i>18.5%</i> | | |
| EBITA** | 75 | 49 | 53% | 26% |
| <i>EBITA margin</i> | <i>2.5%</i> | <i>1.6%</i> | | |
| amortization | -40 | -40 | | |
| integration costs & one-offs | 0 | -55 | | |
| net finance costs | -6 | -18 | | |
| income before taxes | 30 | -64 | | |
| tax | -8 | 11 | | |
| effective tax rate | 27% | 17% | | |
| net income | 22 | -53 | | |
| adjusted net income*** | 48 | 9 | | |
| diluted EPS** | 0.28 | 0.05 | | |

* before impairment, integration costs and one-offs

** before amortization, impairment acquisition-related intangible assets and goodwill, integration costs and one-offs

*** attributable to ordinary shareholders

gross margin development Q1 2010

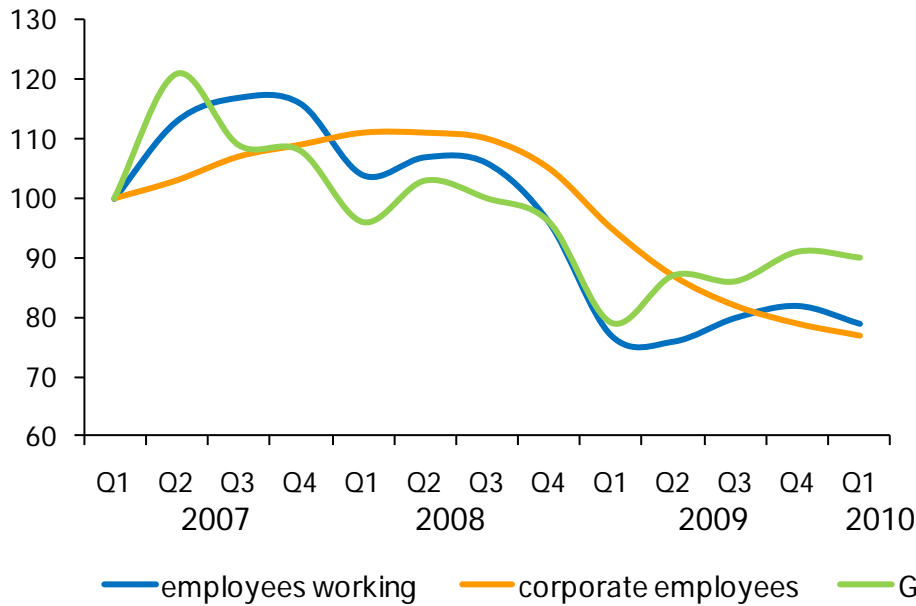


- pressure on temp margins stabilized
- negative impact perm fees fading
- perm fees declined 7% organically (YoY) vs. -/- 46% in Q4 2009
- perm fees are now 9.2% of gross profit (9.1% Q1 2009)
- parts of Dutch HR services business sold in summer 2009
- reclassification of French business tax has a positive effect

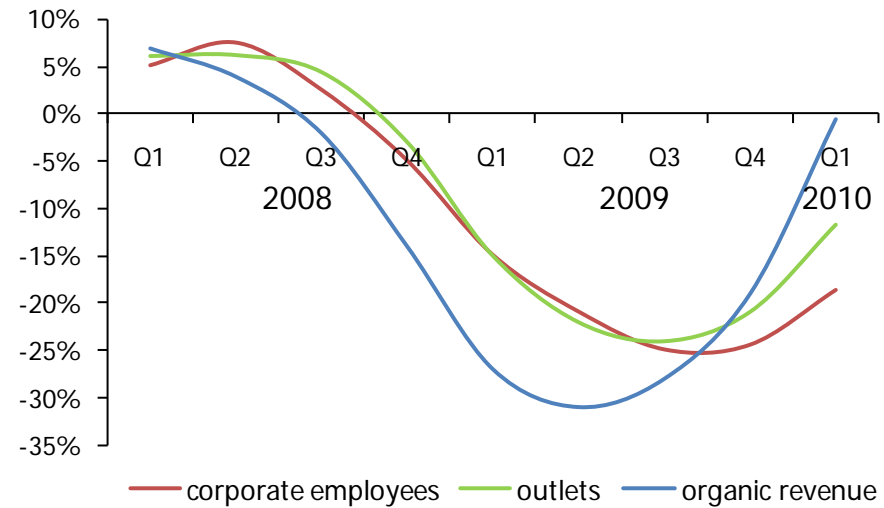
* including country mix-effect

timely adaption cost structure, improving productivity

development employees working and corporate FTE vs productivity



Randstad performance: YoY development



tax

| driver | effective* tax rate | cash tax rate | explanation |
|---|------------------------|---------------|--|
| growth operating companies | + | + | less impact of permanent differences |
| growth opcos and mix effects | + | + | higher weight countries with high CIT rate |
| changes in corporate income tax (CIT) rates | + or -/- | + or -/- | dependent on direction of change |
| repayment € 150 m. (Dutch tax) | | + | Ultimately 2012 |
| payment regarding recapture obligation | | + | tax payment NL based on German profits |
| timing differences | | + or -/- | dependent on changes in deferred taxes |

| expected tax rates (%) | effective* tax rate | cash tax rate (compared to the effective tax rate) | expected effective tax rates revised up due to change French business tax; no net impact |
|------------------------|------------------------|---|--|
| 2009 | 20-22 | → slightly above | } estimated cash tax rate is excl. €150 m. tax repayment |
| 2010 was: 20-22 | 27-30 | → slightly above | |
| 2011-2013 was: 24-30 | 31-37 | → in line | |

* tax rate on the underlying profit before tax (before amortization acquisition related intangibles)

consolidated balance sheet

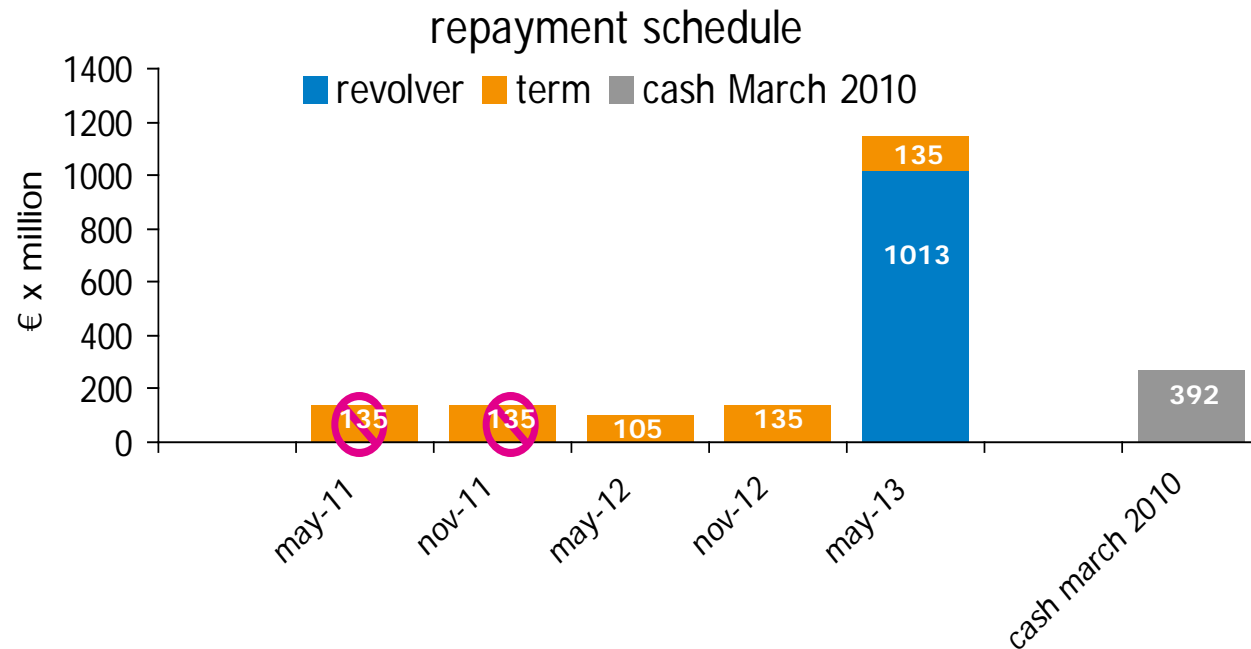
| € million | March 31, 2010 | March 31, 2009 |
|--------------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| property, plant & equipment | 143 | 180 |
| intangible assets | 3,151 | 3,306 |
| deferred tax assets | 480 | 474 |
| other assets | 2,827 | 3,145 |
| total equity | 2,544 | 2,405 |
| non-current liabilities | 1,883 | 2,466 |
| current liabilities | 2,175 | 2,234 |
| balance sheet total | 6,602 | 7,105 |
| | | |
| moving average DSO (days) | 57 | 58 |
| net debt position | 996 | 1,446 |

consolidated cash flow statement

| € million | Q1 2010 | Q1 2009 |
|--------------------------------------|---------|---------|
| cash flow from operations before OWC | 108 | 32 |
| release / (usage) of OWC | -/-57 | 204 |
| additions of PPE | -/-5 | -/-6 |
| additions of software | -/-7 | -/-7 |
| financial receivables | - | 2 |
| dividend | - | - |
| disposals of PPE | 1 | 2 |
| free cash flow | 39 | 228 |

| € million | Q1 2010 |
|--------------------------------------|-----------|
| free cash flow | 39 |
| net (acquisition)/ disposals | -/-5 |
| interest | -/-3 |
| dividend | - |
| translation / other on borrowings | -/-12 |
| net debt (increase)/reduction | 19 |
| Q4 2009 → Q1 2010 | |

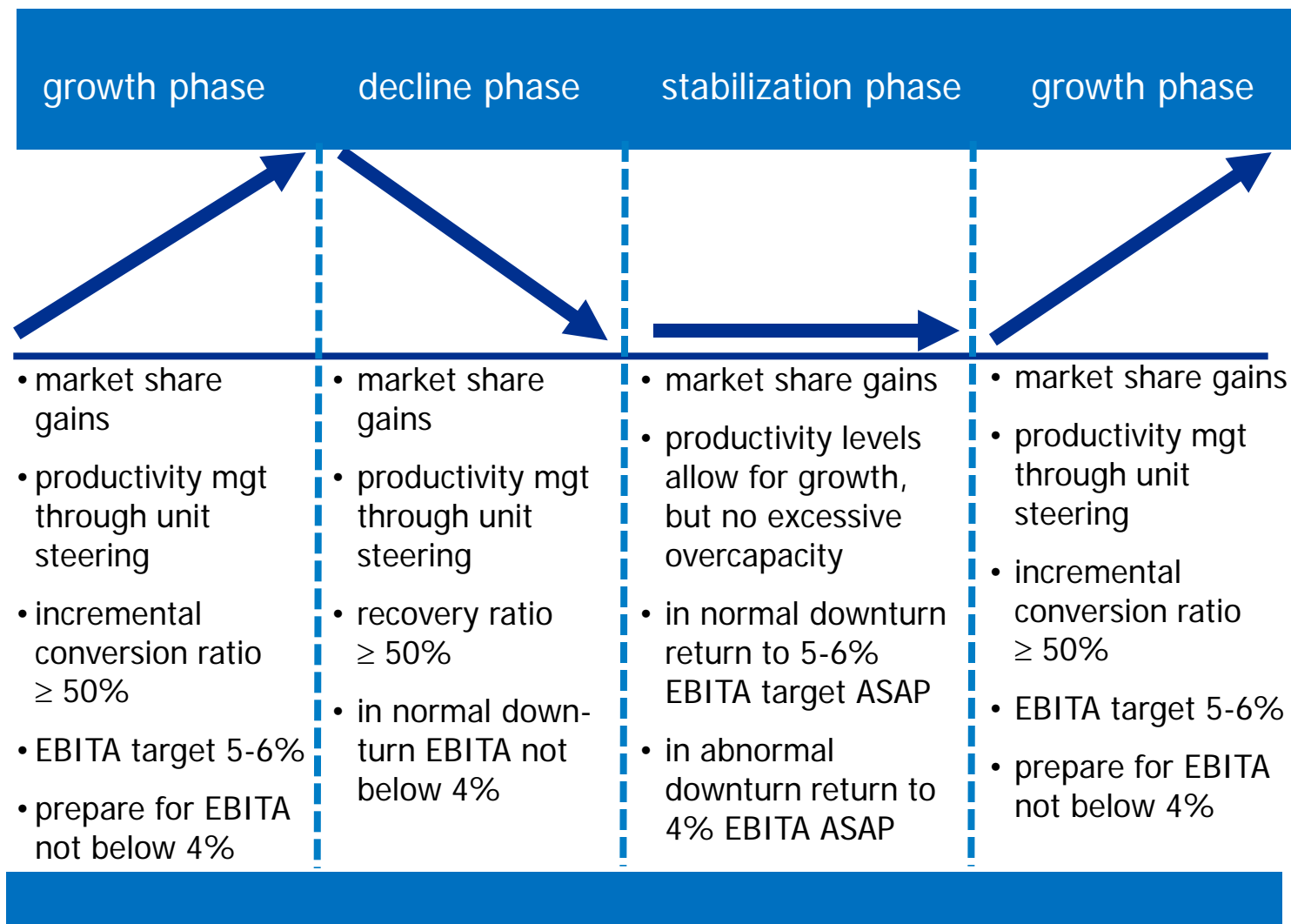
debt facilities & repayment schedule



- covenant; net debt/EBITDA* of max. 3.5
- in Q1 2010 the net debt/EBITDA improved to 2.3
- syndicated facility reduced from € 2,295 million to € 1,995 million
- no mandatory payments before May 2012
- no refinancing before 2013
- standby securitization facility of € 125 million

* EBITDA; 12 months rolling back, before integration costs and one-offs

managing through the cycle



- April better than March
- positive trend expected to proceed during Q2 2010
 - growth in all inhouse businesses, mainly due to manufacturing and logistics
 - staffing on the rebound in most regions
 - professionals recovers slowly, however showing growth in some regions in March
 - perm fees showing growth again
 - late cyclical Dutch market still behind
- gross margin sequentially stable
- cost base expected to be slightly up
 - selective investments in people and marketing in areas with of growth
 - preserving network and commercial power in areas where revenue is still negative

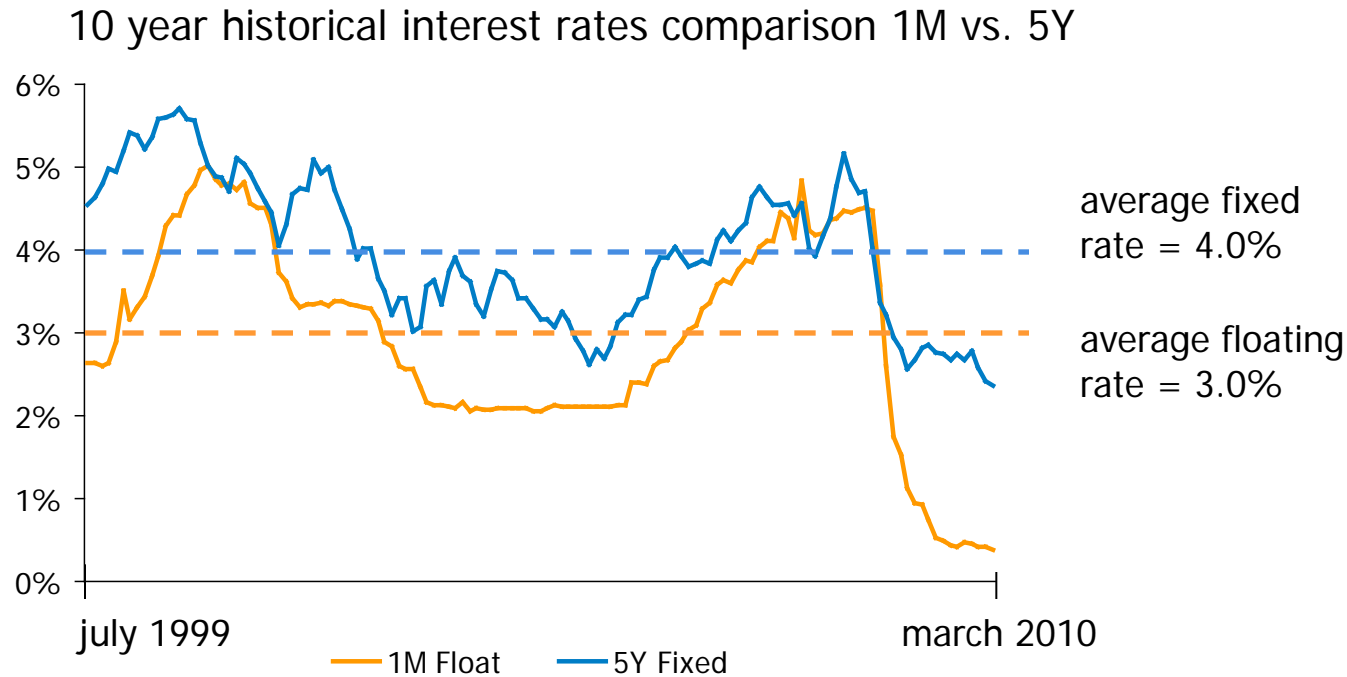
summary

- growth is back in March
- recovery is broad based
 - mainly visible in inhouse and industrial part of staffing
 - professionals segment shows slow recovery, growth visible in some regions at the end of Q1
- gross margin sequentially flat
 - commercial pressure eases, less impact perm fees
- maintaining good cost control across the board
- EBITA margin improves by 90 bps to 2.5% in Q1 (YoY)
- continued focus on:
 - cost management
 - leverage ratio
 - productivity; usage overcapacity
 - marketing campaigns & market share
 - DSO

Q&A

appendices

financing: fixed vs. floating interest rates



- we use floating interest rates as a natural hedge
 - spread above Euribor of 50-115 bps.
- decoupling of Euribor and money market in 2008 due to banking crisis
- trend normalizing again since Q4 2008

geographic performance

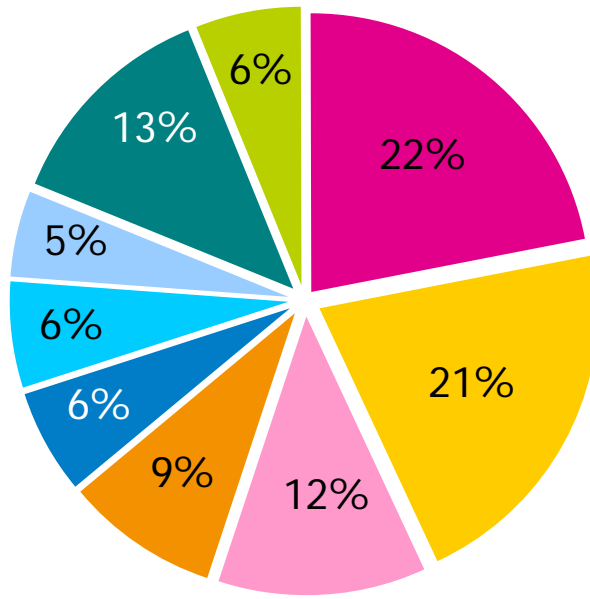
| € million | Q1 2010 | Q1 2009 | organic growth |
|----------------------|---------|---------|----------------|
| revenue: | | | |
| the Netherlands | 654 | 771 | -14% |
| France | 644 | 636 | 1% |
| Germany | 351 | 318 | 10% |
| Belgium/Luxembourg | 280 | 286 | -2% |
| United Kingdom | 191 | 200 | -6% |
| Iberia | 193 | 180 | 7% |
| North America | 390 | 365 | 9% |
| EBITA margin: | | | |
| the Netherlands | 6.2% | 5.8% | |
| France | 0.0% | -0.1% | |
| Germany | 4.3% | 1.4% | |
| Belgium/Luxembourg | 2.9% | 3.3% | |
| United Kingdom | 2.2% | 2.3% | |
| Iberia | 1.3% | 0.3% | |
| North America | 1.5% | -0.3% | |

segment performance

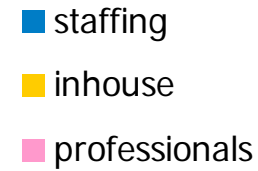
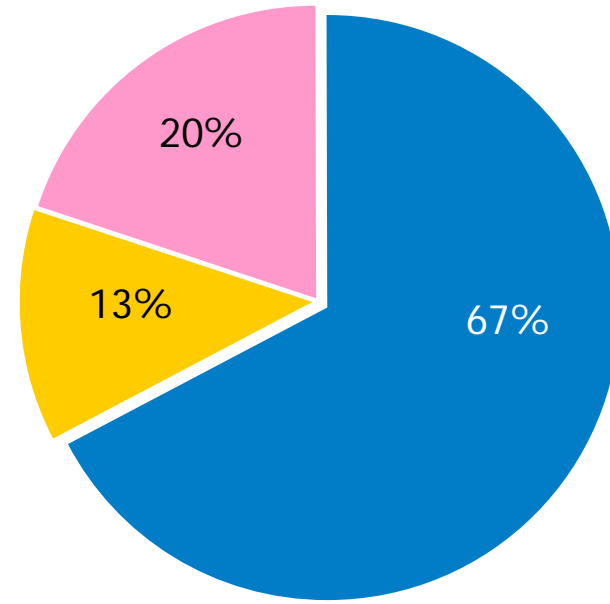
| € million | Q1 2010 | Q1 2009 | organic growth |
|------------------|---------|---------|----------------|
| revenue: | | | |
| staffing | 2,051 | 2,071 | -2% |
| inhouse services | 380 | 294 | 30% |
| professionals | 608 | 692 | -11% |

revenue split Q1 2010

geographies



segments



outlets* by country

| end of period | Q1 2010 | Q4 2009 | Q3 2009 | Q2 2009 | Q1 2009 |
|-----------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| the Netherlands | 726 | 754 | 761 | 786 | 830 |
| France | 966 | 988 | 993 | 988 | 1,060 |
| Germany | 433 | 428 | 431 | 436 | 493 |
| Belgium/Lux | 392 | 329 | 332 | 331 | 342 |
| United Kingdom | 289 | 292 | 294 | 301 | 368 |
| Iberia | 261 | 265 | 266 | 274 | 282 |
| Other Europe | 340 | 340 | 341 | 349 | 366 |
| North America | 477 | 494 | 504 | 513 | 563 |
| Rest of world | 229 | 239 | 259 | 354 | 368 |
| total | 4,113 | 4,129 | 4,181 | 4,332 | 4,672 |

* branches and inhouse locations

corporate employees by country

| average | Q1 2010 | Q4 2009 | Q3 2009 | Q2 2009 | Q1 2009 |
|-----------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| the Netherlands | 5,260 | 5,610 | 5,870 | 6,210 | 6,780 |
| France | 3,870 | 4,000 | 4,270 | 4,390 | 4,570 |
| Germany | 2,370 | 2,320 | 2,290 | 2,330 | 2,710 |
| Belgium/Lux. | 2,020 | 2,050 | 2,010 | 1,970 | 2,140 |
| United Kingdom | 2,040 | 2,110 | 2,230 | 2,470 | 2,710 |
| Iberia | 1,470 | 1,500 | 1,530 | 1,610 | 1,690 |
| Other Europe | 1,460 | 1,460 | 1,480 | 1,710 | 1,910 |
| North America | 2,780 | 2,870 | 2,960 | 3,120 | 3,530 |
| Rest of world | 3,480 | 3,510 | 3,680 | 3,960 | 4,340 |
| Holding | 150 | 150 | 150 | 160 | 160 |
| total | 24,900 | 25,580 | 26,470 | 27,930 | 30,540 |

staffing employees by country

| averages | Q1 2010 | Q1 2009 |
|-----------------|----------------|----------------|
| the Netherlands | 79,700 | 96,400 |
| France | 73,800 | 73,400 |
| Germany | 42,300 | 34,800 |
| Belgium/Lux. | 37,500 | 38,200 |
| United Kingdom | 23,100 | 21,200 |
| Iberia | 46,700 | 44,000 |
| Other Europe | 28,600 | 27,300 |
| North America | 47,900 | 40,800 |
| Rest of world | 82,500 | 76,000 |
| total | 462,100 | 452,100 |